such remittances which are made for the convenience of planters, merchants etc. Currency notes are legally cashable onely at the currency office though Government wishing to meet all local wants allow their being cashed at treasuries for other than trade purposes. The charge of $\frac{1}{4}$ per cent levied for cashing currency notes cannot therefore be waived.

Subject No. 276.

Currency of defaced coins.

Mr. Kodandapani Chetty of Mysore Taluk.

Summary of discussion.—Much inconvenience is felt by the public on account of Government Treasuries refusing to receive defaced coins. It is prayed that such coins be ordered to be received in all treasuries.

Reply of Government.—The rules in force here are those that are prescribed by the Government of India. Silver coins issued by the Government of India defaced otherwise than by shroff marks are not received, while those defaced or diminished only by shroff-marks are received at their full nominal value. (Civil Acct. Code, 586.) No such restriction is placed as regards copper coins which are received, however greatly worn, if they bear any trace of Government mintage (Civil Acct. Code, 592).

The Comptroller will be asked to report if there is any hardship really felt in this matter after consulting the Deputy Commissioners.

Subject No. 277

Issue of currency notes and gold coins in the treasuries.

Mr. Rama Rao.
Mr. Srinivasa Rao, Malur Taluk.

Summary of discussion.—Orders have to be issued to all the treasuries to issue freely to all parties currency notes and gold coins.

Reply of Government.—Will be referred to Comptroller.

Subject No 278.

Receipt of worn-out coins.

Messrs. Venkatakrsihnaiya, M. C. Rnaga Iyengar, Maddpapa and Anantharajaiya of the Mysore City Municipality.

Summary of discussion.—It is requested that coins which are very old may be made to be freely received in the Government Treasury for the value proper.

Reply of Government.—Old coins may mean (1) coins purporting to have been coined and issued before 1st September 1835 ; or (2) coins which have been worn out by use. Coins of the first kind are either cut and returned to the tenderer or at his option, retained and paid for at the rate of one rupee per tola (C. A. C., 578.) As regards the second kind, rupees and half rupees which have lost more than 2 per cent but not more than 25 per cent in weight are cut and returned to the tenderer or at his option paid for at certain rates fixed by the Government of India (C. A. C., 583.) When such coins have lost more than 25 per cent they are cut and returned to the tenderer (C. A. C., 579.)

No restriction is placed as regards worn out $\frac{1}{4}$ and $\frac{1}{8}$ rupees, and copper coins. (C. A. C., 584 and 594.)

Subject No. 279.

Loans to Industrial Banks.

Messrs. M. Venkatakrishnaiya, M. C. Ranga Iyengar, Madappa and Anantharajaiya of the Mysore City Municipality.

Summary of discussion.—It is requested that Government loans may be granted to Industrial and Commercial Banks on sufficient security, if started.

Withdrawn.